12 – Relational Data (1)

Kieran Healy

January 23, 2024

Relational Data

Load the packages, as always

library(here)# manage file pathslibrary(socviz)# data and some useful functionslibrary(tidyverse)# your friend and mine

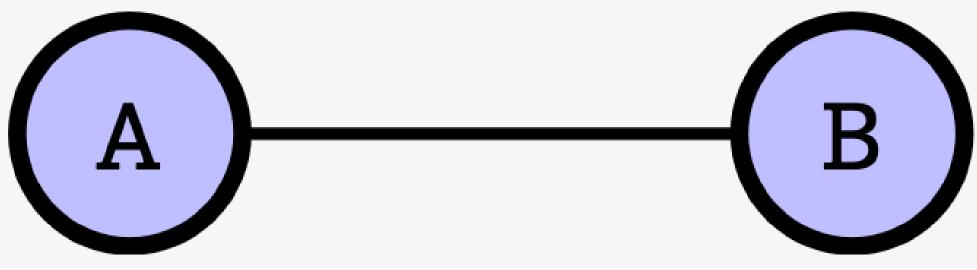
Specialty packages

library(tidygraph) # tidy management of relational data
library(ggraph) # geoms for drawing graphs

#remotes::install_github("kjhealy/kjhnet")
library(kjhnet) # some network datasets

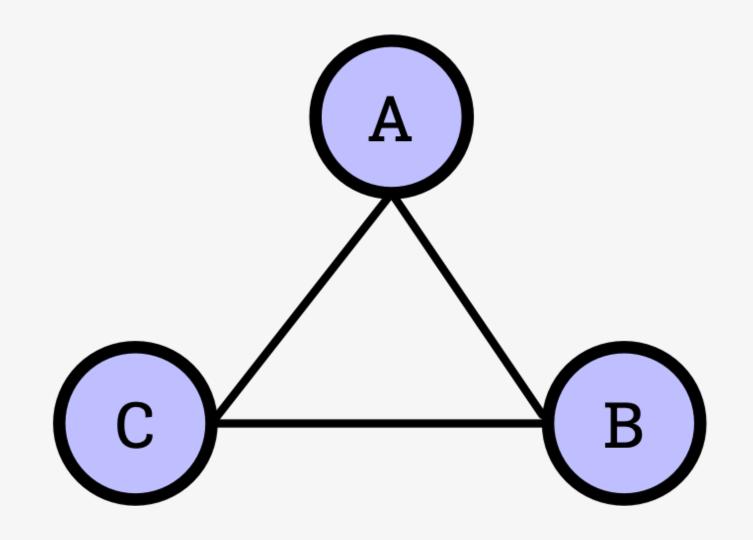
Social Relations and Ties

Social Relations and Ties

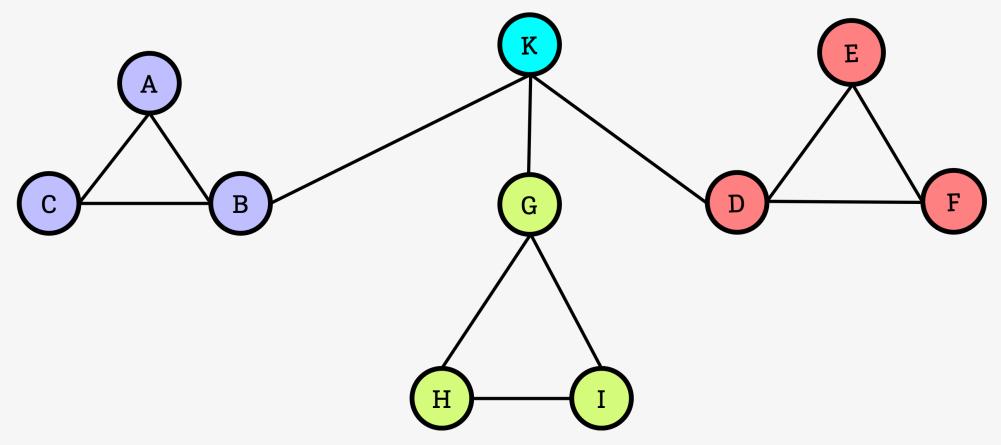


A dyad

Social Relations and Ties

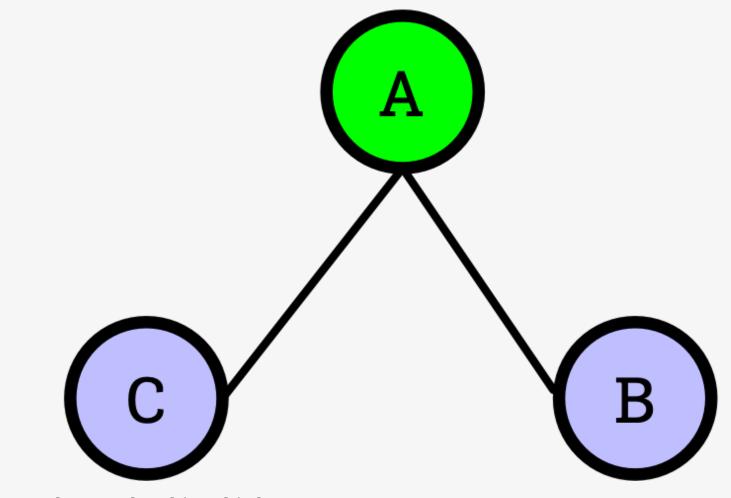


Centrality in Networks



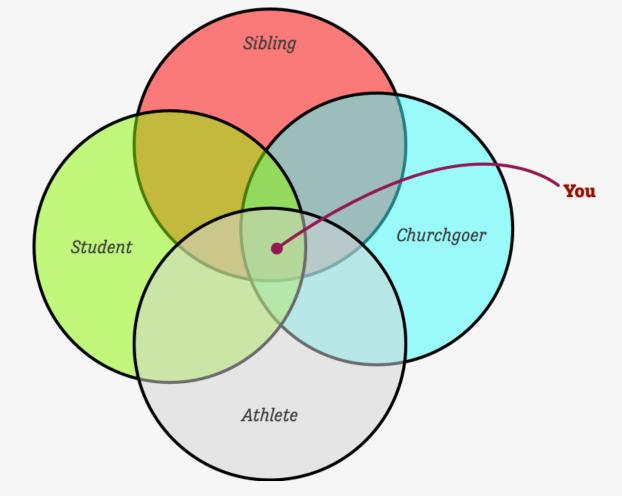
Centrality

Centrality as a kind of power



The 'tertius gaudens' or 'laughing third'

Groups and Categories



The duality of persons and groups



The Redcoats are coming

Example: Paul Revere

Paul Revere



He looks a lot like Jack Black

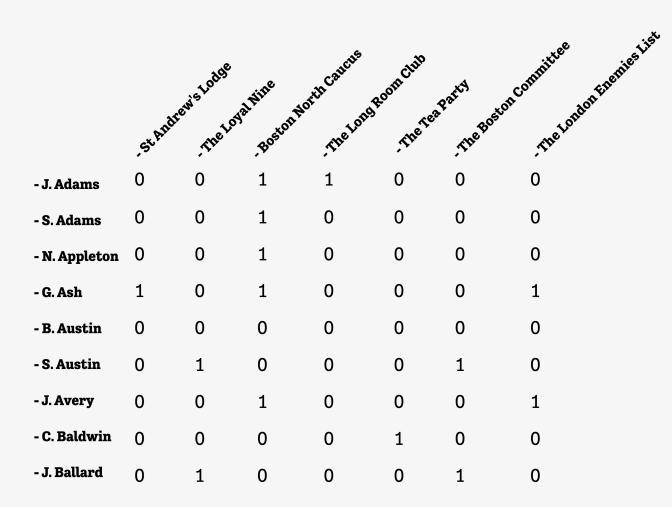
Paul Revere

St Andrew's Lodge The Loyal Nine Boston North Caucus The Long Room Club The Tea Party The Boston Committee The London Enemies List



7 organizations 254 people

Membership table



This is an adjacency matrix

Membership table ... transposed

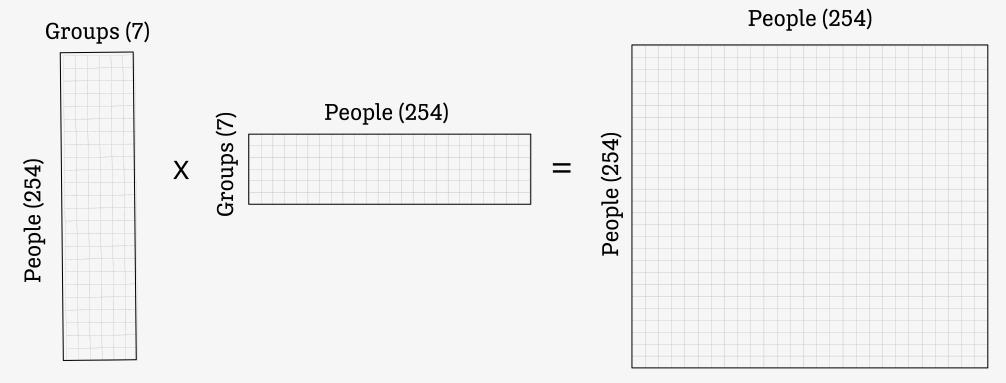
- J. Ballard	- C. Baldwin	- J. Avery	- S. Austin	- B. Austin	- G. Ash	- N. Appleton	- S. Adams	- J. Adams	
0	0	0	0	0	щ	0	0	0	- St Andrew's Lodge
1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	- The Loyal Nine
0	0	4	0	0	щ	щ	4	ц	- Boston North Caucus
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	- The Long Room Club
0	ц	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	- The Tea Party
ц	0	0	Ч	0	0	0	0	0	- The Boston Committee
0	0	щ	0	0	ц	0	0	0	- The London Enemies List

Flip it on its side

The Duality of Persons and Groups

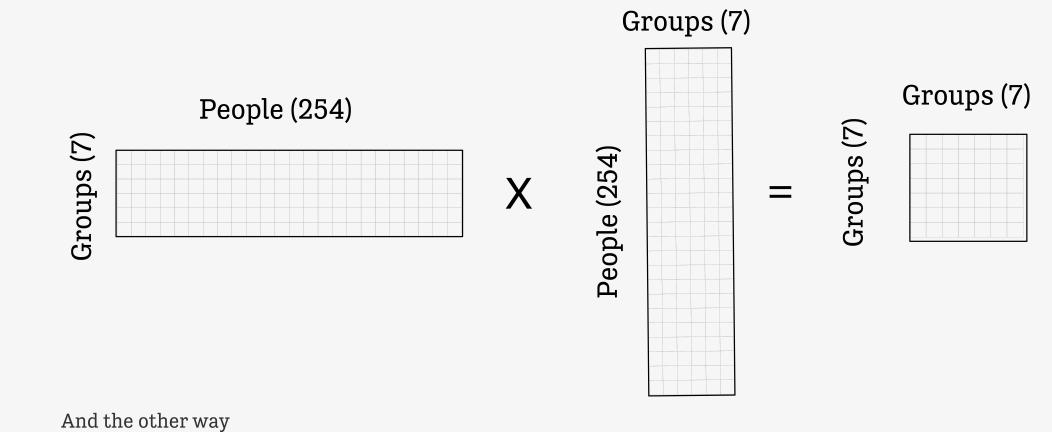
People are "connected" by their co-membership in groups Groups are "connected" by the people they share We can move back and forth between these representations Breiger (1974)

Moving between the tables



One way to multiply the matrices

Moving between the tables



Paul Revere: Matrix version

head(revere)

	person	st_andrews_lodge	loyal_nine	north_caucus	long_room_club
1	Adams.John	0	0	1	1
2	Adams.Samuel	0	Ø	1	1
3	Allen.Dr	0	Ø	1	0
4	Appleton.Nathaniel	0	0	1	0
5	Ash.Gilbert	1	0	0	0
6	Austin.Benjamin	0	Ø	0	0
	<pre>tea_party boston_co</pre>	ommittee london_e	nemies		
1	Ø	0	0		
2	Ø	1	1		
3	Ø	0	0		
4	Ø	1	0		
5	Ø	0	0		
6	Ø	0	1		

tail(revere)

	person	st_andrews_lodge	loyal_nine	north_caucus	long_room_club
249	Willis.Nathaniel	0	0	0	0
250	Wingfield.William	1	0	0	0
251	Winslow.John	0	0	0	1
252	Winthrop.John	0	0	1	0
253	Wyeth.Joshua	0	0	0	0
254	Young.Thomas	0	0	1	0
	tea_party boston_c	committee london_	enemies		
249	1	0	0		
250	0	0	0		
251	0	0	0		
252	0	0	1		
253	1	0	Ø		
254	1	1	0		

Paul Revere: Matrix version

r_p ← as.matrix(revere[,-1]) %*% t(as.matrix(revere[,-1])) dim(r_p)

[1] 254 254

r_p[1:10, 1:10]

	[,1]	[,2]	[,3]	[,4]	[,5]	[,6]	[,7]	[,8]	[,9]	[,10]
[1,]	2	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
[2,]	2	4	1	2	0	1	1	1	1	1
[3,]	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
[4,]	1	2	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	1
[5,]	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
[6,]	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0
[7,]	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0
[8,]	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	2	1	0
[9,]	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0
[10,]	1	1	1	1	Ø	0	Ø	Ø	Ø	1

Paul Revere: Matrix version

r_g ← t(as.matrix(revere[,-1])) %*% as.matrix(revere[,-1])

dim(r_g)

[1] 7 7

r_g									
	st_andrews_	lodge	loyal_nine	north_caucus	long_room_club				
<pre>st_andrews_lodge</pre>		53	2	3	2				
loyal_nine		2	10	3	Ø				
north_caucus		3	3	59	5				
long_room_club		2	Ø	5	17				
tea_party		3	2	13	2				
<pre>boston_committee</pre>		1	0	9	5				
london_enemies		3	3	16	5				
	tea_party boston_committee london_enemies								
<pre>st_andrews_lodge</pre>	3		1	3	3				
loyal_nine	2		0	3	3				
north_caucus	13		9	16	6				
long_room_club	2		5	<u> </u>	5				
tea_party	97		3	3	3				
boston_committee	3		21	11	1				
london_enemies	8		11	62	2				

Making this tidier

Network matrices get really large really fast

They're also usually very *sparse*

We can't store this data tidily in a *single* table

But we *can* with two tables. tidygraph does this for us.

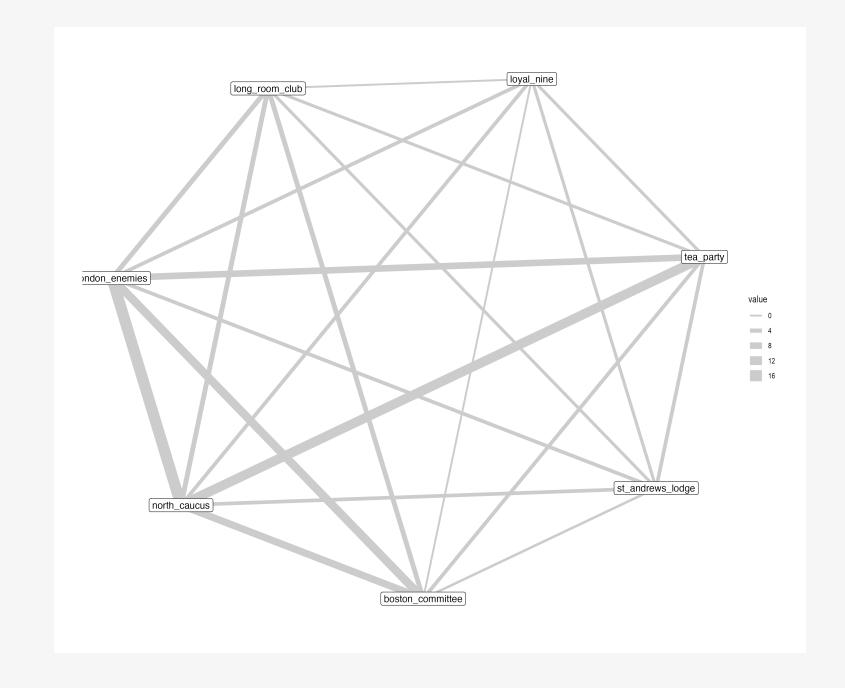
Paul Revere: Tidy version

revere_groups

```
# A tbl_graph: 7 nodes and 49 edges
#
# An undirected multigraph with 1 component
#
# Node Data: 7 × 2 (active)
    id name
 <int> <chr>
   1 st_andrews_lodge
1
  2 loyal_nine
2
3 3 north_caucus
  4 long room club
4
5 5 tea_party
6
  6 boston_committee
     7 london_enemies
7
#
# Edge Data: 49 × 3
  from to value
 <int> <int> <dbl>
    1 1 53
1
2
     1
          2
                2
3
    1
          3
               3
# i 46 more rows
```

Paul Revere: Tidy version

out ← revere_groups ▷
ggraph(layout = "kk") +
geom_edge_link(aes(width = value), color = "gray80") +
geom_node_label(aes(label = name)) + theme_graph()



Paul Revere: Tidy version

The person x person network

```
out ← revere_persons ▷
mutate(centrality = centrality_eigen()) ▷
ggraph(layout = "stress") +
geom_edge_link0(aes(edge_width = value), color = "gray60") +
scale_edge_width(range = c(0.02, 2))+
geom_node_point() +
geom_node_label(aes(filter = centrality > 0.9, label = name), size = rel(2.5)) +
theme_graph()
```

